## Inequality in triangle involving medians

https://www.linkedin.com/groups/8313943/8313943-6369046791299624961 Let  $m_a, m_b, m_c$  be lengths of the medians of a triangle ABC.Prove that  $\frac{9}{4R+r} \leq \frac{1}{m_a} + \frac{1}{m_b} + \frac{1}{m_c} \leq \frac{1}{r}$ . Solution by Arkady Alt , San Jose, California, USA. Let  $h_a, h_b, h_c$  be lengths of heighs of a triangle ABC and F be it's area Since  $m_x \geq h_x, xh_x = F, x \in \{a, b, c\}$  and F = sr,where s is semiperimeter, then  $\frac{1}{m_a} + \frac{1}{m_a} = \frac{1}{h_a} + \frac{1}{h_b} + \frac{1}{h_c} = \frac{a}{2F} + \frac{b}{2F} + \frac{c}{2F} = \frac{s}{F} = \frac{1}{r}$ . Since by Cauchy Inequality  $\frac{1}{m_a} + \frac{1}{m_b} + \frac{1}{m_c} \geq \frac{9}{m_a + m_b + m_c}$  remains to prove inequality (1)  $m_a + m_b + m_c \leq 4R + r$ . Noting that  $(m_a + m_b + m_c)^2 = \frac{3(a^2 + b^2 + c^2)}{4} + 2\sum_{cyc} m_a m_b$ ,  $\frac{m_a m_b \leq \frac{2c^2 + ab}{4}}{4}$  [1] and  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 2(s^2 - r^2 - 4Rr)$ ,  $ab + bc + ca = s^2 + 4Rr + r^2$ ,  $s^2 \leq 4R^2 + 4Rr + 3r^2$  (Gerretsen's Inequality) and  $R \geq 2r$  we obtain  $(m_a + m_b + m_c)^2 \leq \frac{7(a^2 + b^2 + c^2) + 2(ab + bc + ca)}{4} = \frac{7 \cdot 2(s^2 - r^2 - 4Rr) + 2(s^2 + 4Rr + r^2)}{4} = \frac{16s^2 - 12r^2 - 48Rr}{4} = 4s^2 - 3r^2 - 12Rr \leq \frac{4}{4}(4R^2 + 4Rr + 3r^2) - 3r^2 - 12Rr = 16R^2 + 4Rr + 9r^2 = 16R^2 + 8Rr + r^2 - (4Rr - 8r^2) = (4R + r)^2 - 4r(R - 2r) \leq (4R + r)^2$ . 1. Sidelengths majorant for product of two medians-problem 5291, SSMA

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two solutions in May issue 2014, p.6, 7

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